

IMPACT OF PRIVATIZATION AND GLOBALIZATION ON EDUCATION: A REVIEW

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Abstract

Now a day the educational area is one of the most developing areas in the whole world. All over the world, each and every Government focusing on the betterment of education. The word qualitative education seems to be more objectionable when we use it with education, and when we talk about privatization and globalization in education sector it portray it nicely. Globalization and privatization in higher education has its own merit and demerit. This paper critically examines impact of privatization and globalization on higher education. As privatization increase production capacity of education sector, still global players continue to attract Indian student towards foreign brand. In ancient time, Guru (teacher) was treated as God, but now more focuses on customer (student) Satisfaction. Private Institutes are not more than a firm the difference is only tax rebate that is another burden on economy. Government should introduce and strictly implement some policy to maintain quality with quantity in higher education.

Key Words: Higher Education, Globalization, Privatization,

Introduction

Education system of any country will decide its future, which is the reason that mostly developed country focus on two thing, health and education of their citizens. Education system shows its impact on its country it will make a country developed or under developed. Education system should not only informative it should have ability to create value, maintain culture Improve quality of human beings. But today's Indian education system is more informative and less focus on quality.

Privatization



The term 'privatization' is an umbrella term referring to many different educational programmes and policies. In an overall view or definition, 'privatization is the shift of different educational

activities, resources, liabilities and responsibilities from government/public institutions and organizations to private individuals and agencies'. Also, privatization is often categorized as 'liberalization' – in which the agents are free from regulations of government and marketization – where new markets are built up as alternatives to government services or state allocation systems. Privatization is currently the most debated issue related to the education sector. It is becoming a widespread trend when it is regarding educational issues, this trend is not only helping the government to provide education but also it is helping the government to overcome the financial burden. This private system of education is not only giving education but also motivating private entrepreneurs who are willing to work in the educational area for the betterment of education. In developed countries, the issues at hand are provision and accountability. Privatization also gives advantages to the learners and their parents in selecting schools, subjects and related activities according to their choice and preference.

Globalization



Globalization can be described as 'the flow of technology, economy, knowledge, people, values and ideas.... across borders. Globalization affects each country in a different way due to each nation's individual history, traditions, cultures, resources and priorities'. The term "globalization" represents the international collaboration which is helping in the development of different countries. It is a process that is "super charging" the interaction and integration of cultures, politics, business and intellectual elements around the world. Driven by technology, information and finance, a full spectrum of views exist, some praising, some disparaging, as to the value of globalization. However, most observers believe that the ability to harness the good from globalization and avoid the bad lies in the cultivation of knowledge. There is growing recognition that knowledge is the main driver of development. Any form of development, whether defined in social, human or economic terms, has become critically dependent on knowledge. Countries with the capacity to generate and assimilate knowledge and the capability to use it to develop new forms of organization, products and services are better able to attract investors and to take advantage of new opportunities.

Impact Of Privatization On Higher Education

- **Expensive Education:** Perhaps the most critical result of reductions in state support of public higher education is the continuing increase in tuition and fees at public institutions. Now the students have to pay more fees and other charges related to education and due to this financial disturbance the students are facing the problem of expensive education. In the name of course, fee structures, job opportunities private organizations taking much more money from their students.
- **Educational Competition:** Furthermore, as formerly public institutions compete with private nonprofit colleges for grants and donations, even the private institutions could feel a budget crunch. This competition, no doubt, will be exacerbated by the continuing headlong rush of the for-profit sector of higher education to grab more of the market share. Ultimately, some of the public institutions that join the private competition simply will not survive.
- **Low quality of education:** In the present scenario, we all know that the education is much more expensive from the old days. Due to increase in the private educational sector the level of quality in education is decreasing day by day. This is not only affecting the students learning sides but also the hopes of parents who want to give high quality of education to their wards. It is a widely discussed issue.
- **Burden on students:** The private institutes are spending huge amount on marketing of the institutions/ University to attract the students from different areas. They are affecting the student's choices and preferences. To make more enrolment in their institutes and universities the private sector is making attractive advertisements for the students. Directly or indirectly this formula is creating unnecessary burden on students.
- A huge cut in expenditure on higher education by government is the direct outcome.

Impact of Globalization on Higher Education

- **Better opportunity:** A small number of researchers have expertise and reputation that confers superior opportunities in many countries. Though their salaries and career structures vary in the different locations, they constitute a global labour force that in the context of research rankings and global competition is increasingly important to national systems.
- **Brain drain:** As the impact of globalization in education it is creating brain drain in all the countries. If we talk about India, many of the researchers, expertise now going abroad for better career and job options in other countries. Because in some of the developed countries, they provide qualitative education and giving good financial amount for their educational contribution so it's attracting them. Students are also going in other countries for higher studies and they stay there after their studies. This is affecting our country not only internally but externally also.

- **Digital Education:** The rapid growth of electronic-based learning has created the possibility of providing a free atmosphere for discussion among students, colleges and institutions. It acts as a borderless education format and its expansion is expected in the near future. Now the learning is not only limited to single classroom interaction its area is expanding. With the help of digital education student can interact with anyone anywhere anytime according to their need. Students have many options of learning like computer, e-learning, video conferencing, Tele-communication and many more other facilities which making learning interesting.
- **Better educational policies:** In the course of globalization, an education without frontiers will be implemented among developing and developed countries, with the opportunity for an interdisciplinary and multidisciplinary approach to form a new trend in education and the certain consequence that education policy and planning for higher education will be affected both locally and internationally. Globalization has also giving opportunity to education policy makers. It's helping them to make better educational policy for the qualitative educational system. Developing countries are learning from the developed countries for the improvement of education industry.
- Designing Curricula for the Global Community is another challenge that discussed by researcher.

Conclusion

Education system move towards teacher centric to student centric by the time, but now need to social centric education system. Privatization and globalization have some of their good and bad impact on educational system. Privatization is providing more opportunity for students but its expensive educational criteria making it tougher to get admission in their university and institutes. This system is also lacking in qualitative education system. Government cannot absolve its responsibility of regulating private institutes. So, some regulating agencies have to be formed which assure quality and transparency and prevent profiteering. There is an emergence need to regulate quality but not growth of supply. Privatization need to be controlled through stable and sustainable policy environment.

Globalization in higher education is inevitable. Government and universities should increase facility for mobility of students, professors and projects across borders. New technologies like internet, computer facilities, video conferencing, and live communication making the learning process more interesting process. The learners are connecting from one state to country and one country to another country. This is just because of the globalization. As both the privatization and globalization affecting our educational system we should evaluate which one is applicable for the enhancement of our educational system.

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