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CS HISTORY AND EDUCATION HOLD CULTURAL AND SPIRITUAL VALUE

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Abstract -

The author examines how computer science history can serve a cultural and spiritual purpose in

higher education, emphasizing the importance of developing a broad and interdisciplinary

knowledge base to foster comprehensive talent in computer science. The author also explores the

integration of humanistic education and science education in computer education, ultimately

proposing a curriculum system that aims to cultivate students' innovation abilities and overall

quality, with specific methods for incorporating humanistic education into computer science

education.

Introduction -

Computer science has a significant impact not only on the development of productive forces as a

form of material progress, but also on the development of people's ideology as a form of

intellectual progress. Those who are passionate about the study and pursuit of science should

recognize the cultural and spiritual value of computer science history, not just in terms of its

impact on productive forces but also on ideology. The birth, evolution, and development of

computer science theories reflect scientists' methods of thinking and research, which is more

valuable than specific knowledge.

In modern higher education, a comprehensive science education should encompass two aspects:

the imparting of specific scientific knowledge and methods, as well as the cultivation of abstract

scientific thoughts and spirits. While the former represents the body of science education, the

latter represents its soul. In other words, higher education should not only teach students what to

think, but how to think. Computer science history serves as an effective means of instilling

scientific thoughts and spirits in education. Hence, the history of science in higher education

plays an indispensable role in terms of its cultural function and spiritual value.

University education aims to promote integrated scientific thinking and cultivate well-rounded

talents, with an emphasis on nurturing talents with humanistic spirits. However, in modern

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university education, utilitarian andtest-oriented education often prevail, while scientific thought, spirits, and humanistic education are often neglected and weakened. This has resulted in students who are only concerned with results and utility, neglecting the development of science and lacking in exploratory and innovative spirits for science. It is unwise to focus higher education solely on pragmatism. Thus, developing a broader, humanistic, and comprehensive knowledge system is crucial for cultivating well- rounded talents in the field of computer science.

History -

The history of computer science is marked by numerous challenges and setbacks, including technical limitations, resource constraints, and societal pressures. However, scientists have persevered through these difficulties by drawing upon their passion for knowledge, creativity, and dedication to problem-solving. Their persistence and unwavering commitmentto scientific inquiry have led to breakthroughs and innovations that have advanced computer science and transformed the world. The history of computer science is a testament to the power of scientific inquiry and the boundless potential of human curiosity and imagination, as well as to the dedication and ingenuity of scientists who have pursued their dreams and aspirations with unwavering determination. The greatness of science fosters scientists' dreams and pursuits, while their spirits, thoughts, and methods give birth to science and propel it to greater heights. One example of this is John Cocke, the winner of the Turing Award in 1987 and designer of the IBM360 computer system. He discovered that only 20% of instructions in a common computer system were frequently used, while the remaining 80% were seldom used. Based on this finding, he defined the concept of RISC computers and developed a new computer architecture. Another example is R.W. Hamming, winner of the Turing Award in 1968, who demonstrated remarkable insight when working on communication error codes. He realized that the problem could not be solved by ensuring the sending of correct codes but rather by finding and correcting errors once they occurred.

Charles Babbage devoted his life and fortune to researching mechanical computers and overcame incredible difficulties to create a complete series of computer structural drawings, which laid the foundation for the study of modern computers. Although he was not able to realize his

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assumptions due to technological limitations at the time, his research life embodies the spirit of

devotion to science and shows that scientific research is inevitably intertwined with economic

foundations, scientific research systems, cultural environments, and other factors.

These scientists' attitudes of diligence and hard work, as well as their aspirations, have inspired

us all. The readers of this text will share in their joy of success, experience the fun of learning, and

absorb the nourishment for growth, increasing their confidence and strength for overcoming

difficulties.

HUMANISTIC SPIRITS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE EDUCATION–

1. The scientific thoughts, methods, and spirits that are inherent in the history of computer

science hold immense importance in nurturing talented individuals.

The history of computer science is not merely a record of achievements in technology, but rather

a history that depicts the hardships, challenges, and even crises faced by scientists during its

development. For over three hundred years, previous generations of scientists have devoted their

lives to research and development. The history of computer science and technology illustrates the

journey of raising questions, experiencing ups and downs, until the theories reach maturity, and

some questions remain unresolved.

The history of computer science not only documents the advancements and breakthroughs in

technology but also the scientists' perseverance in overcoming obstacles and crises. By studying

the history of computer science, people can gain a deeper understanding of the scientists'

dedication, thoughts, methods, and spirits. The spirit of "science for science" has inspired

generations of scientists to continue exploring the truth of the universe. The greatness of science

fuels scientists' dreams and aspirations, and their spirits, thoughts, and methods give rise to

science and lead it to greatness.

2. The study of computer science history can help students develop a better understanding of

the theoretical background of computer science, which is crucial for forming a

comprehensive knowledge structure in this field.

The primary goal of college education is not only to impart knowledge but also to teach students

how to think, analyze, and research. Unfortunately, in today's classrooms, teachers often focus

solely on imparting knowledge and reaching final conclusions when teaching theories, neglecting

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the evolution of theories, thinking methods, and historical context. As a result, students tend to

view the theories, formulas, and laws in their textbooks as the only correct answers, without

understanding the background of these theories, alternative solutions to problems, and the

development of theories. This approach is detrimental to the cultivation of innovative thinking in

students.

Studying the history of computer science enables students to gain a deeper

comprehension of how innovation plays a vital role in scientific discoveries.

The history of computer science is a saga of

continuous innovation. Every improvement, from the earliest mechanical computers to today's

digital electronic computers, and from Fortran and ALGOL to C++ and Java, is the result of

innovative ideas. By studying this history, students can comprehend that innovation is the driving

force behind the development of science, and that it is the essence of scientific work.

Develop a curriculum content system that focuses on cultivating students' comprehensive

qualities and innovative abilities -

One suggestion for constructing a curriculum content system aimed at cultivating students'

overall qualities and innovative ability is to focus on the following aspects in a logical and

organized way:

(a) The cultural background and basic information of the researcher(s) who developed the theory or

invention, their motives, thoughts and methods, and the rudiments related to their work.

(b) The revision and improvement of the theory after its initial proposal, as well as any new theories

or problems that were derived from the proposed theory.

(c) The value and application areas of the theories, and how they can be utilized in various fields.

Any unsettled problems or weaknesses of the theory, as well as any solutions that have been (d)

proposed or are currently being studied, along with the theory's current state of development and

future prospects.

The impact of the theory on the economy and society, as well as any social problems that have

arisen as a result, such as legal, ethical, moral, intellectual property, and career-related issues.

By emphasizing these key aspects and exploring them in a comprehensive manner, students can

gain a deeper understanding of the historical and cultural context surrounding computer science

International Journal of Research in Engineering & Applied Sciences

11

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and technology, as well as the importance of innovation and problem-solving in the field. This can

help them to develop their critical thinking, analytical skills, and creativity, while also preparing

them to become more well-rounded individuals and professionals.

By familiarizing students with the definition of computer science, the context surrounding the

emergence of scientific theories, the evolution of these theories over time, their areas of

application, current challenges, and prospects, educators can help students comprehend the

challenges and uncertainties inherent in scientific discovery. This understanding can motivate them

to explore and innovate.

Devote substantial research efforts to explore an effective teaching practice model that

combines science education and cultural education –

Integrating science and culture education Incorporate humanistic knowledge and spirit into the

teaching of professional knowledge to foster students' interest and develop their scientific and

humanistic spirits. To achieve this, introduce the background and development of a certain

to cultivate students' awareness of innovation. During the teaching knowledge point

process, prioritize students, respect their personality and interests, and teachers should set a

good example with their academic learning and dignity, creating a fair, harmonious,

democratic, and inspiring atmosphere. The goal of combining science and cultural education is

to help students understand the cultural spirit of science and develop a scientist's ideal

personality, which represents the highest level of scientific life.

Enhancing the cultural quality of teachers is crucial for improving the quality of teaching and

implementing successful teaching reforms. To achieve this, various methods can be used,

including providing training classes, study reports, teaching demonstrations, and group lesson

preparations to improve teachers' teaching abilities and skills. Additionally, it is important to

incentivize teachers to incorporate cultural education into their teaching of professional courses.

Conclusion -

Computer science education is not only about learning technical skills, but it also involves

understanding the historical context, development process, and cultural impact of scientific

inventions. It is crucial to cultivate students' innovative abilities and overall qualities, including

International Journal of Research in Engineering & Applied Sciences

12

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humanistic knowledge and spirit, to raise their interest and develop their scientific and humanistic spirits. The effective teaching practice mode of combining science education and cultural education involves introducing the cultural background of a certain knowledge point, respecting students' personalities, and interests, and creating a fair, harmonious, democratic, and

inspiring atmosphere.

To achieve successful teaching reform, it is necessary to improve teachers' cultural quality, which plays a significant role in improving teaching quality. Teachers should also be encouraged and incentivized to conduct cultural education in the teaching of professional courses. Overall, the goal of computer science education is not only to produce technically skilled professionals but also to foster innovative, well-rounded individuals who understand the cultural and societal

implications of their work.

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